

Superposition for Full Higher-Order Logic

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Genealogy of the Calculus

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Standard superposition
Bachmair & Ganzinger (1994)

Genealogy of the Calculus

Superposition for Full Higher-Order Logic

Bentkamp, Blanchette, Tourret, Vukmirović (2021)

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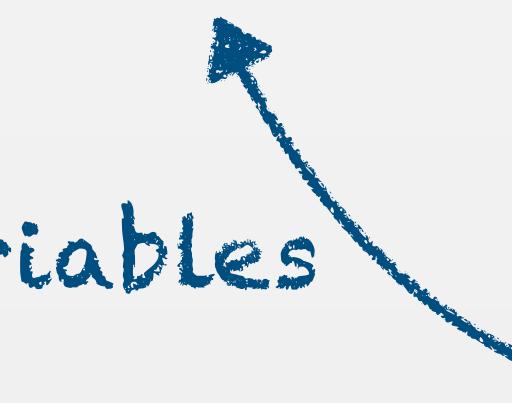
Boolean-free λ -free superposition

Bentkamp, Blanchette, Cruanes, Waldmann (2018)

+ applied variables

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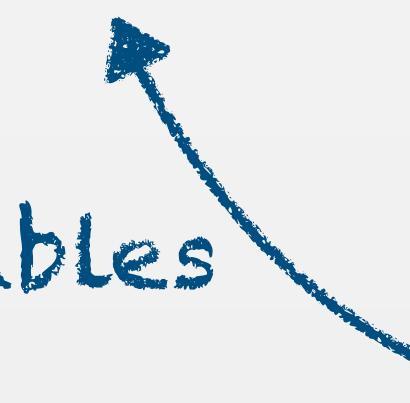
+ λ -expressions



Boolean-free λ -free superposition

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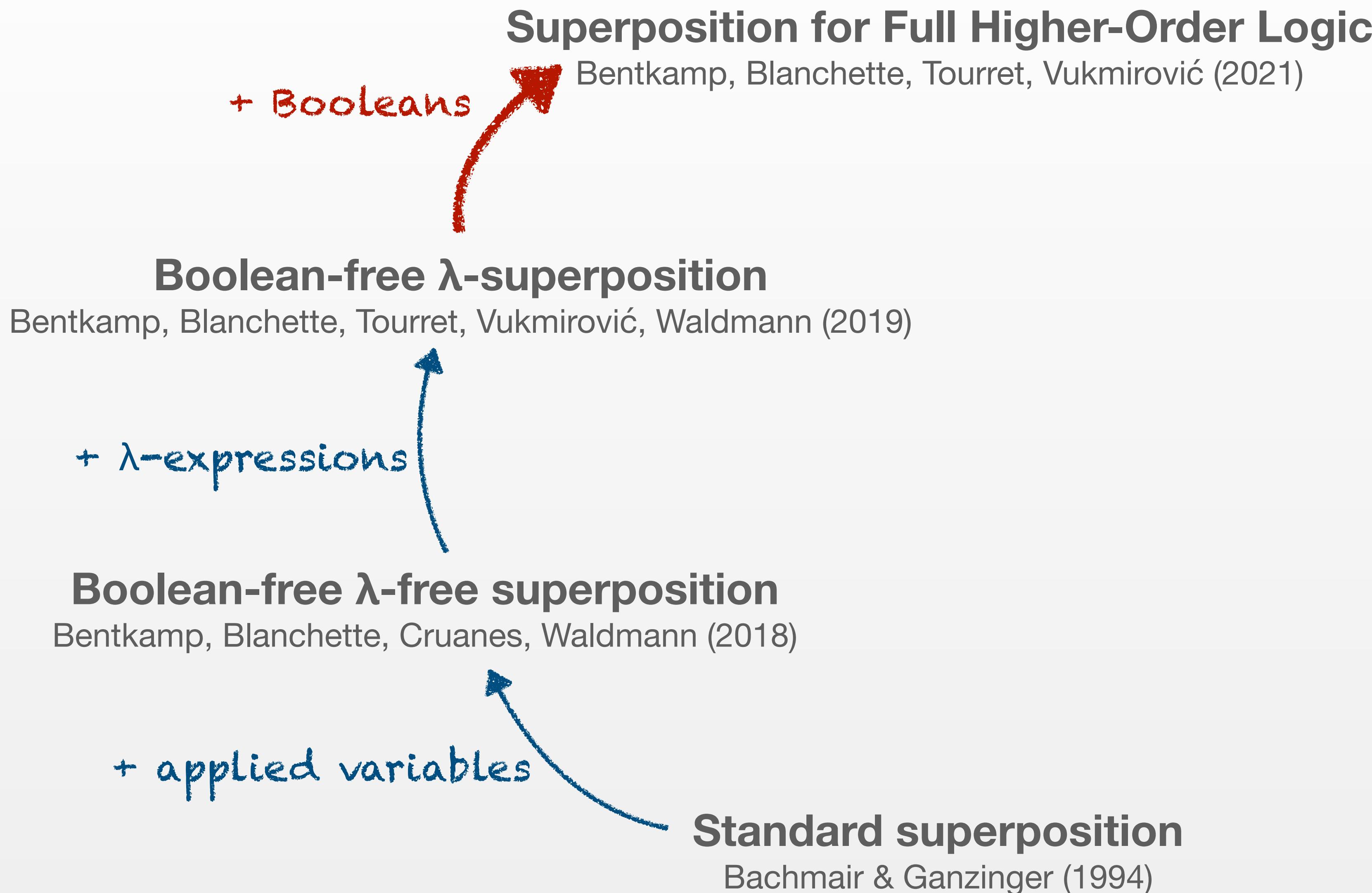
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Standard superposition

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Genealogy of the Calculus



Motivation

Isabelle/HOL

```
lemma "(∑ i ∈ A. i ^ 2 + 2 * i + 1)
      = (∑ i ∈ A. i ^ 2) + (∑ i ∈ A. 2 * i) + (∑ i ∈ A. 1)"
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lemma "(∑ i ∈ A. i ^ 2 + 2 * i + 1)
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Translation to
first-order logic

First-Order ATPs
CVC4, E, Vampire, Z3

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by sledgehammer
```

Sledgehammering...

```
"e": Timed out
"cvc4": Timed out
"z3": Timed out
"vampire": Timed out
```

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TPTP Syntax

Zipperposition

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```

Sledgehammering...

Proof found...

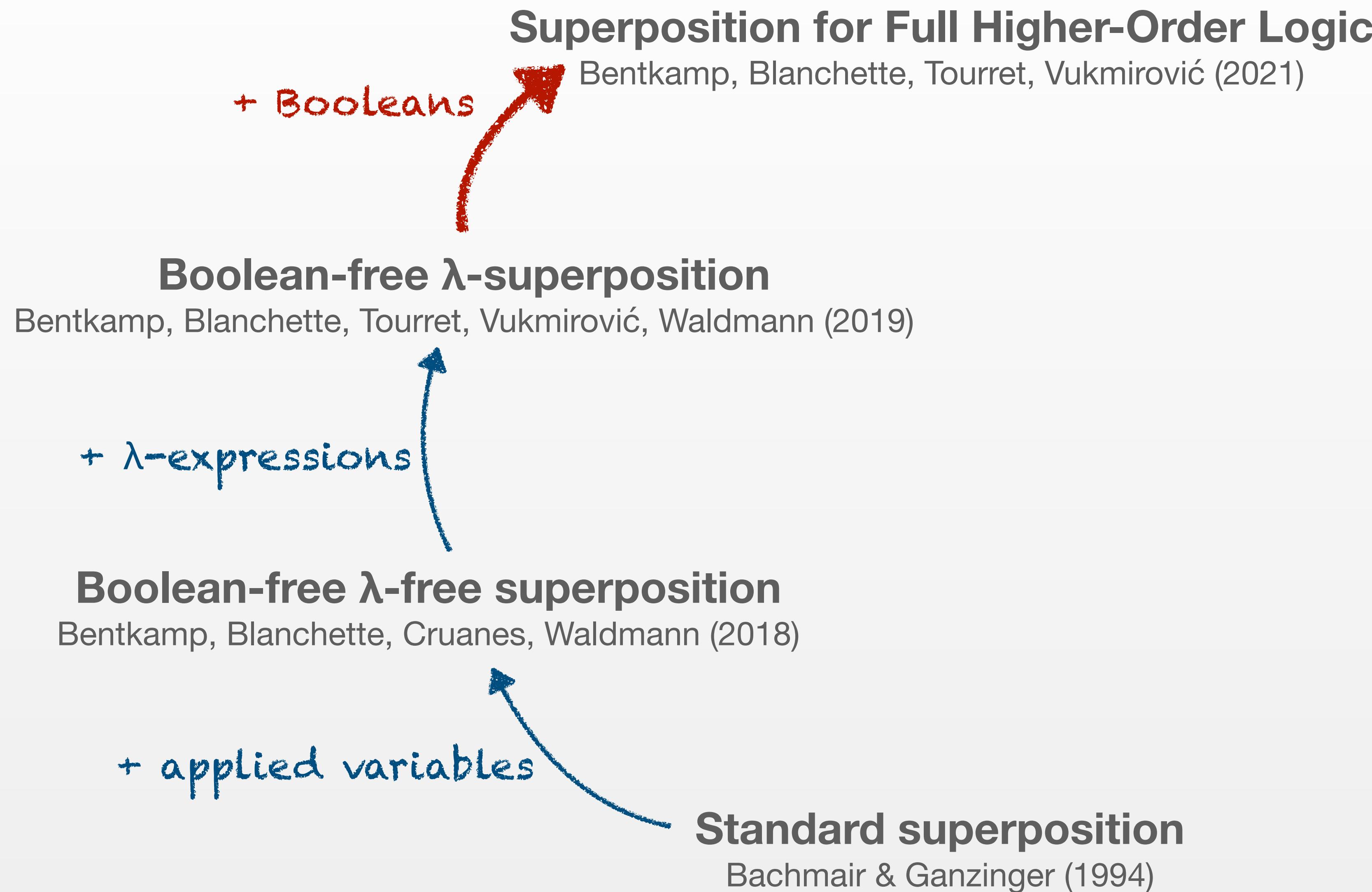
"zipperposition": Try this: by (simp add: sum.distrib) (31 ms)

Translation to
TPTP Syntax

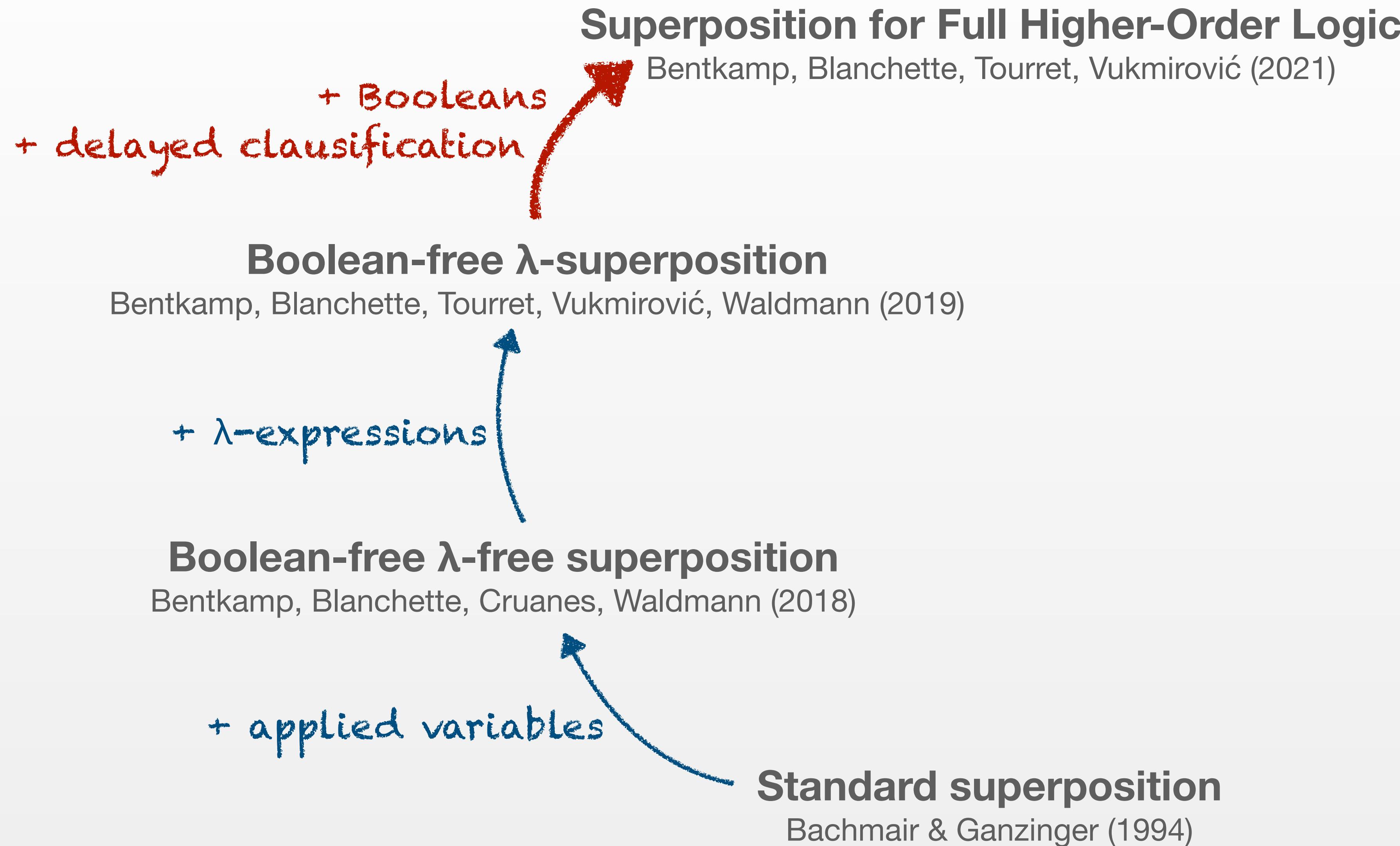
Zipperposition

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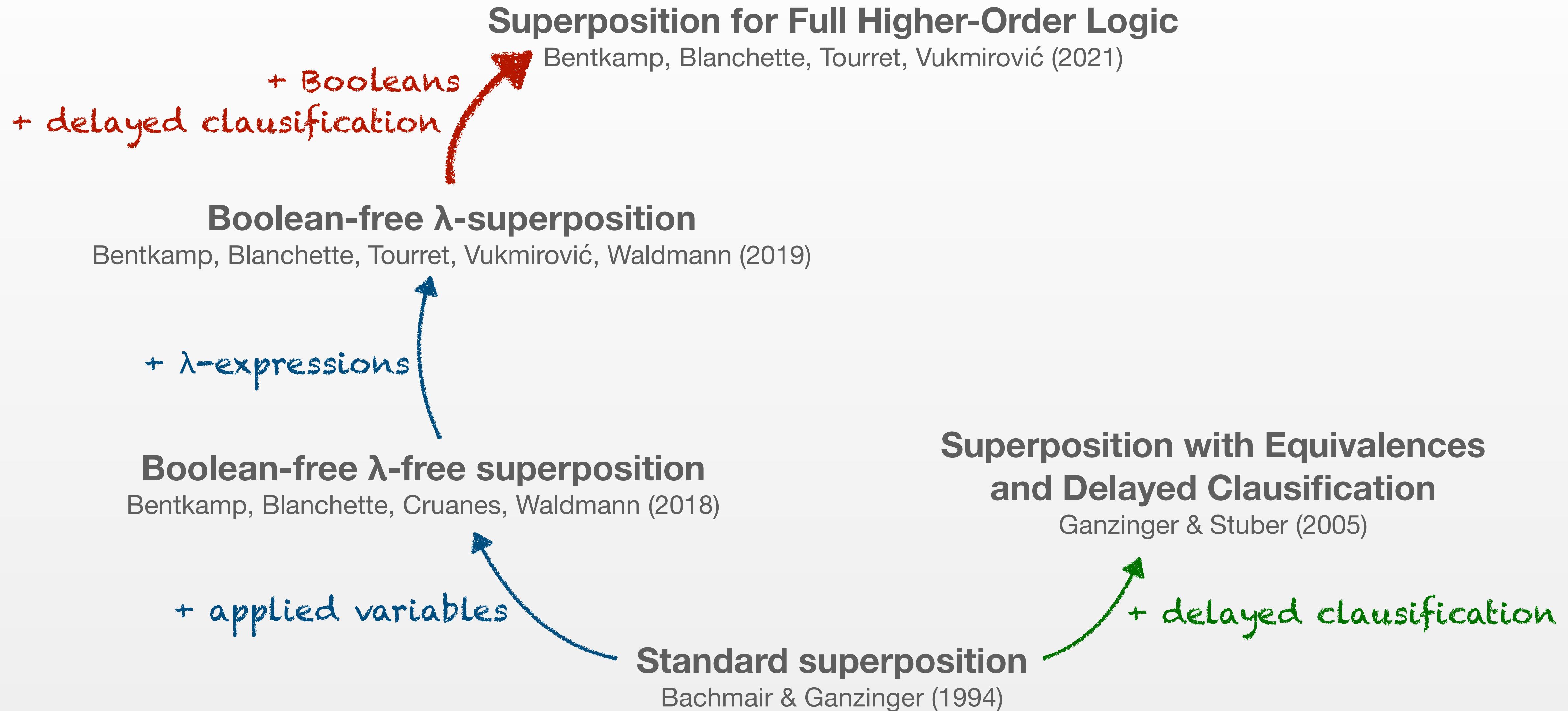
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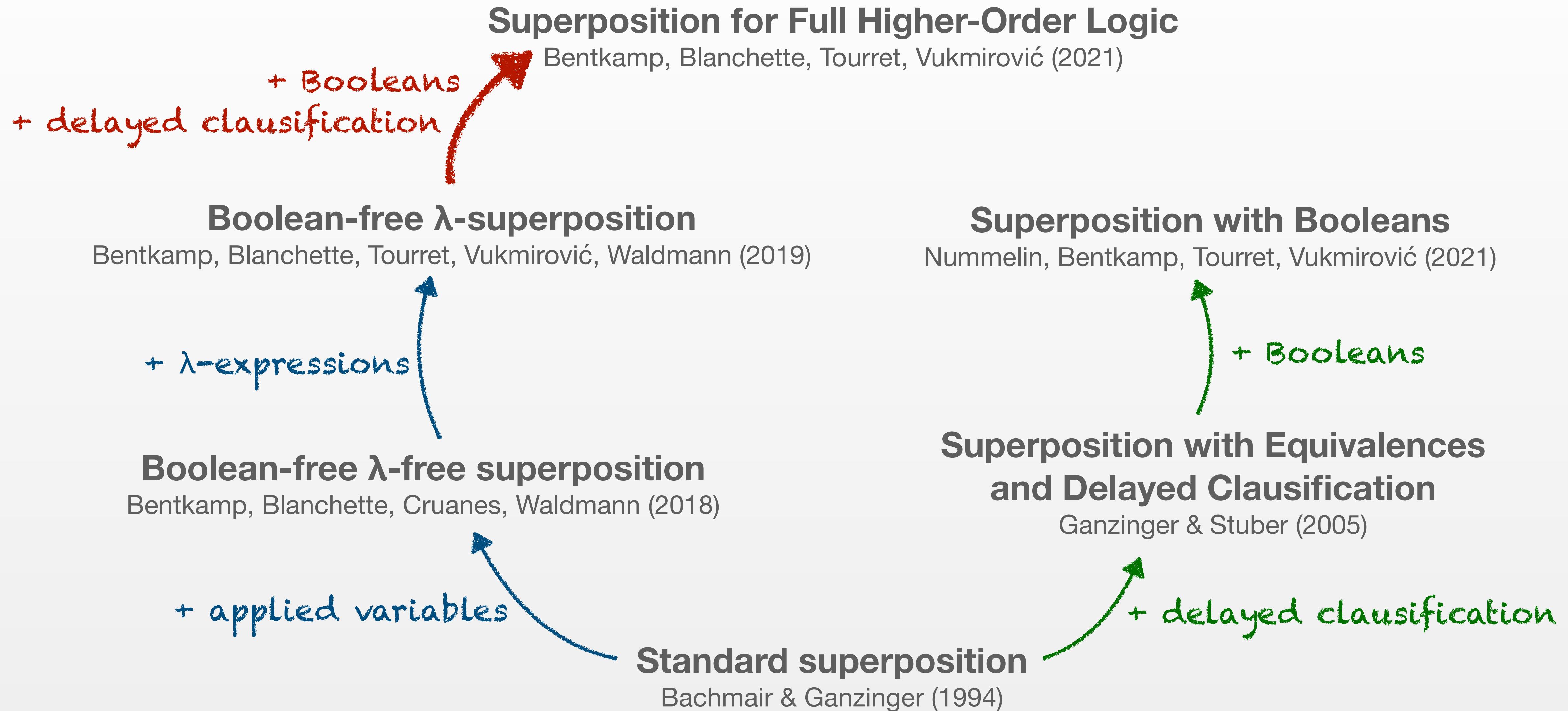
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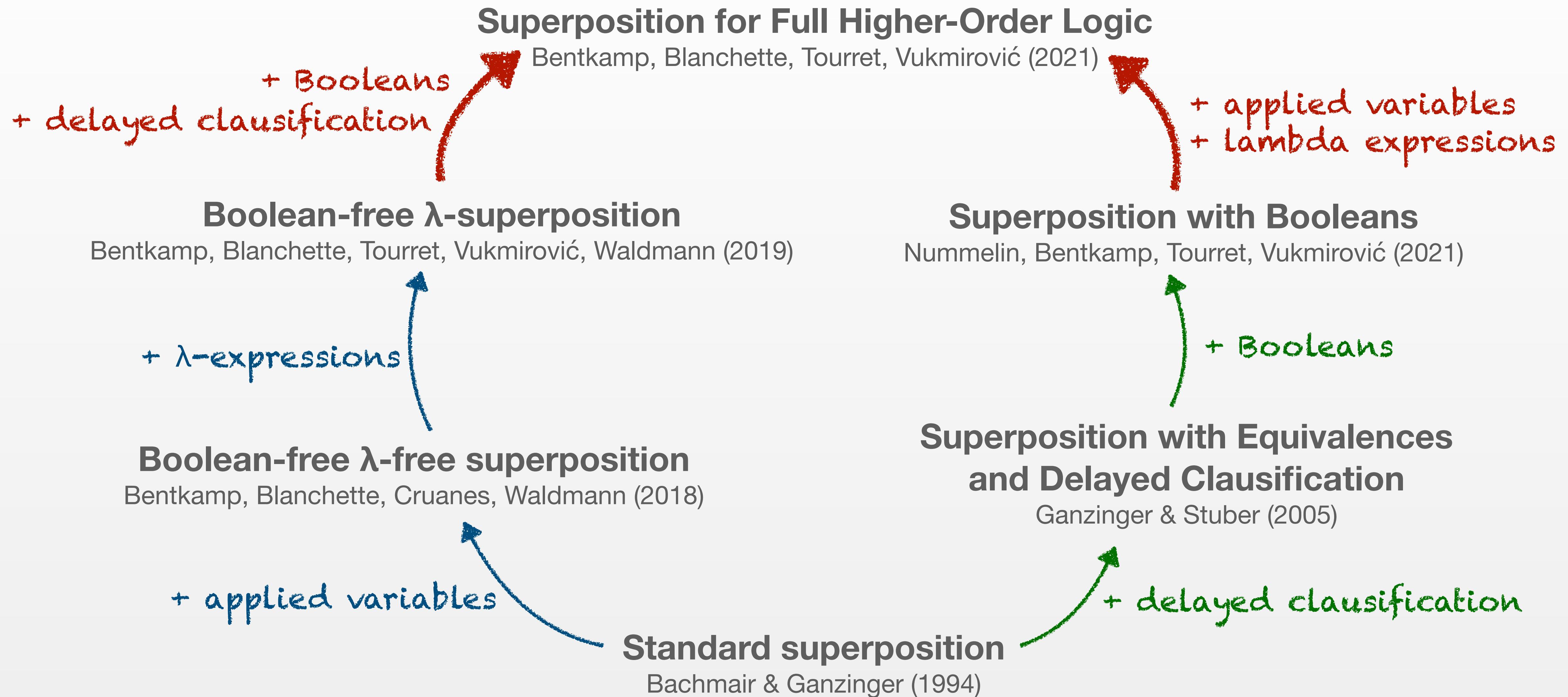
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Genealogy of the Calculus



Guiding Principles

Guiding Principles

Build on what works for first-order logic.



The superposition calculus is extremely successful, especially for Sledgehammer.

Guiding Principles

Be graceful.



The calculus should gracefully generalize first-order superposition.

Guiding Principles

Be complete.



Completeness proof and implementation give insight to each other.

The Calculus Rules

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Boolean-free λ -superposition



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Boolean-free λ -superposition

SUP

ERES

EFACT

FLUIDSUP

ARGCONG

EXT

Superposition with Booleans

BOOLHOIST

FALSEELIM

EQHOIST

BOOLRW

NEQHOIST

FORALLRW

FORALLHOIST

EXISTSRW

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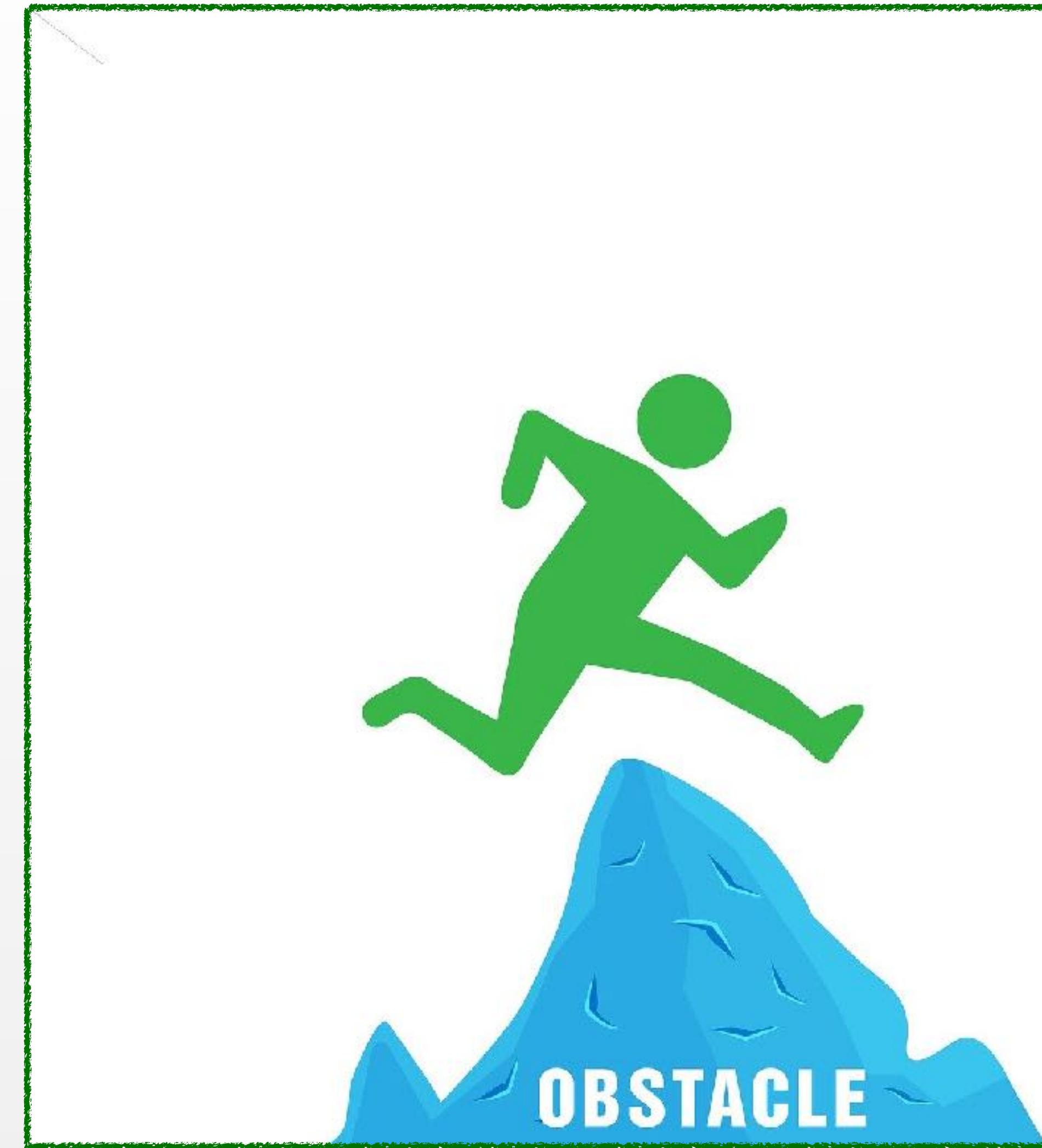
New

CHOICE

FLUIDBOOLHOIST

FLUIDLOOBHOIST

Three Challenges



Primitive substitution

Primitive substitution

$$a \approx b$$

$$\neg z a \vee z b$$

Primitive substitution

$$a \not\approx b$$

$$\neg z a \vee z b$$

Primitive substitution

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Unsatisfiable because: $z \mapsto \lambda v. v \approx a \implies \neg(a \approx a) \vee (b \approx a)$

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Unsatisfiable because: $z \mapsto \lambda v. v \approx a$

$$\Rightarrow \neg(a \approx a) \vee (b \approx a)$$

 Cannot be found through unification

Primitive substitution

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Unsatisfiable because: $z \mapsto \lambda v. v \approx a \implies \neg(a \approx a) \vee (b \approx a)$


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Primitive substitution: $z \mapsto \lambda v. y v \approx y' v$

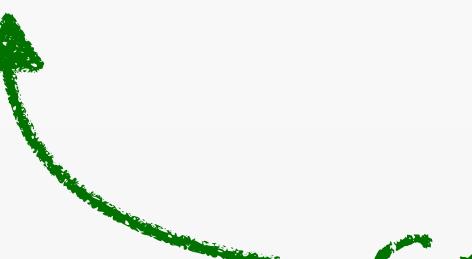

Blindly enumerate logical symbols

Primitive substitution

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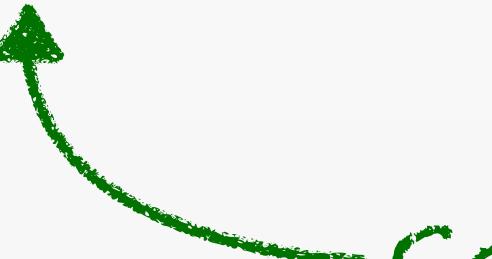
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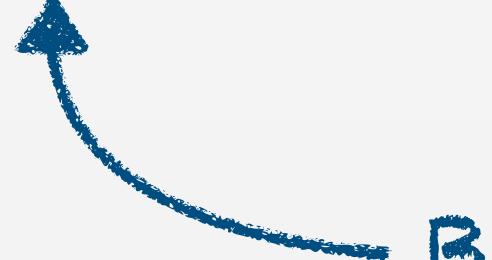
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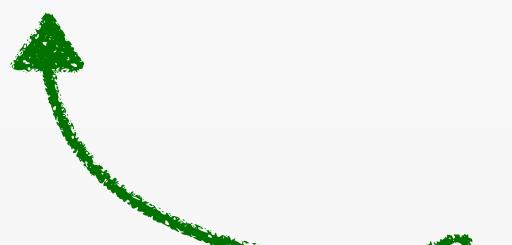
Problem: Primitive substitutions are redundant.

Primitive substitution

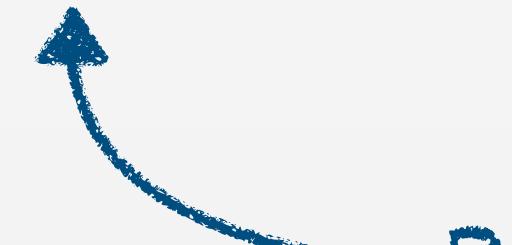
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Blindly enumerate logical symbols

Problem: Primitive substitutions are redundant.

Solution: Immediately clauseify.

FluidBoolHoist

$a \approx b$

$h(y\ b) \approx h(g\ \perp) \vee h(y\ a) \approx h(g\top)$

FluidBoolHoist

Unsatisfiable because: $y \mapsto \lambda x . g(x \approx a)$

$$a \approx b$$

$$h(y \ b) \approx h(g \ \perp) \vee h(y \ a) \approx h(g \top)$$

FluidBoolHoist

Unsatisfiable because: $y \mapsto \lambda x . g (x \approx a)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} g(b \approx a) & \text{---} \curvearrowright & \\ a \approx b & & h(y b) \approx h(g \perp) \vee h(y a) \approx h(g \top) \end{array}$$

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Unsatisfiable because: $y \mapsto \lambda x . g(x \approx a)$

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$a \approx b$ $g(b \approx a) \rightarrow h(y b) \approx h(g \perp) \vee h(y a) \approx h(g \top)$

$g(a \approx a) \rightarrow h(y a) \approx h(g \top)$

FluidBoolHoist

Unsatisfiable because: $y \mapsto \lambda x . g(x \approx a)$

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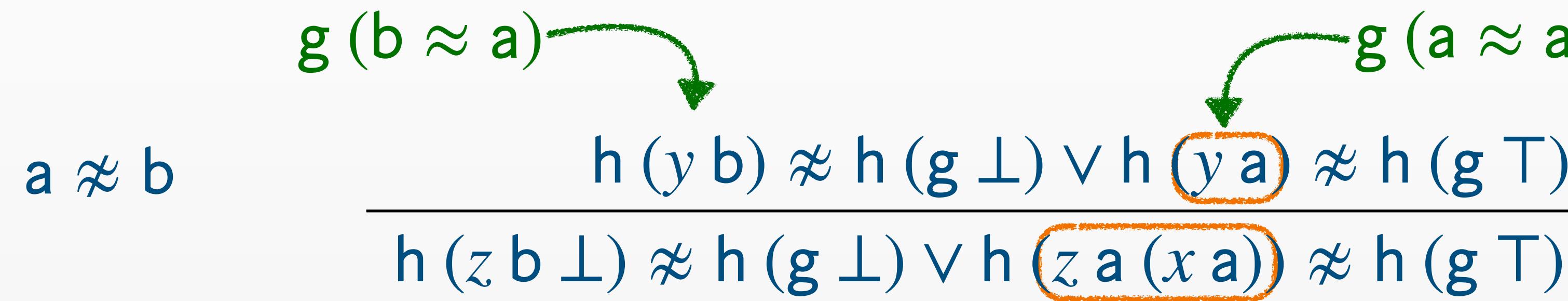
$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} g(b \approx a) \\ a \approx b \end{array}}{\frac{h(yb) \approx h(g\perp) \vee h(ya) \approx h(g\top)}{h(zb\perp) \approx h(g\perp) \vee h(za(xa)) \approx h(g\top) \vee xb \approx \top}} \text{FLUIDBoolHoist}$$

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$$\frac{\begin{array}{c} g(b \approx a) \\ a \approx b \end{array}}{h(yb) \approx h(g\perp) \vee h(ya) \approx h(g\top)} \quad \text{FLUIDBoolHoist}$$

$\frac{\begin{array}{c} g(b \approx a) \\ a \approx b \end{array}}{h(zb\perp) \approx h(g\perp) \vee h(za(xa)) \approx h(g\top) \vee xb \approx \top}$



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FLUIDBoolHOIST

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FLUIDBoolHOIST

FluidBoolHoist

$$\frac{\frac{\frac{h(yb) \not\approx h(g\perp) \vee h(ya) \not\approx h(gT)}{h(zb\perp) \not\approx h(g\perp) \vee h(za(xa)) \not\approx h(gT) \vee xb \approx T} \text{FLUIDBOOLHOIST}}{h(g(x'a)) \not\approx h(gT) \vee x'b \approx T} \text{ERES}}{a \not\approx b \quad \frac{h(g(x''a \approx x'''a)) \not\approx h(gT) \vee \perp \approx T \vee x''b \approx x'''b}{h(g(a \approx x'''a)) \not\approx h(gT) \vee \perp \approx T \vee a \not\approx x'''b} \text{SUP}} \text{EQHOIST}$$

$$\frac{h(gT) \not\approx h(gT) \vee \perp \approx T \vee a \not\approx a}{\perp \approx T \vee a \not\approx a} \text{ERES}$$

$$\frac{\perp \approx T}{\perp} \text{FALSEELIM}$$

Delayed Classification of Quantifiers

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Desired property in the completeness proof:

$$\forall x . t \succ t[x \mapsto u]$$

for all ground terms u

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$$\forall x. t \rightarrow \lambda x. t \approx \lambda x. \top$$

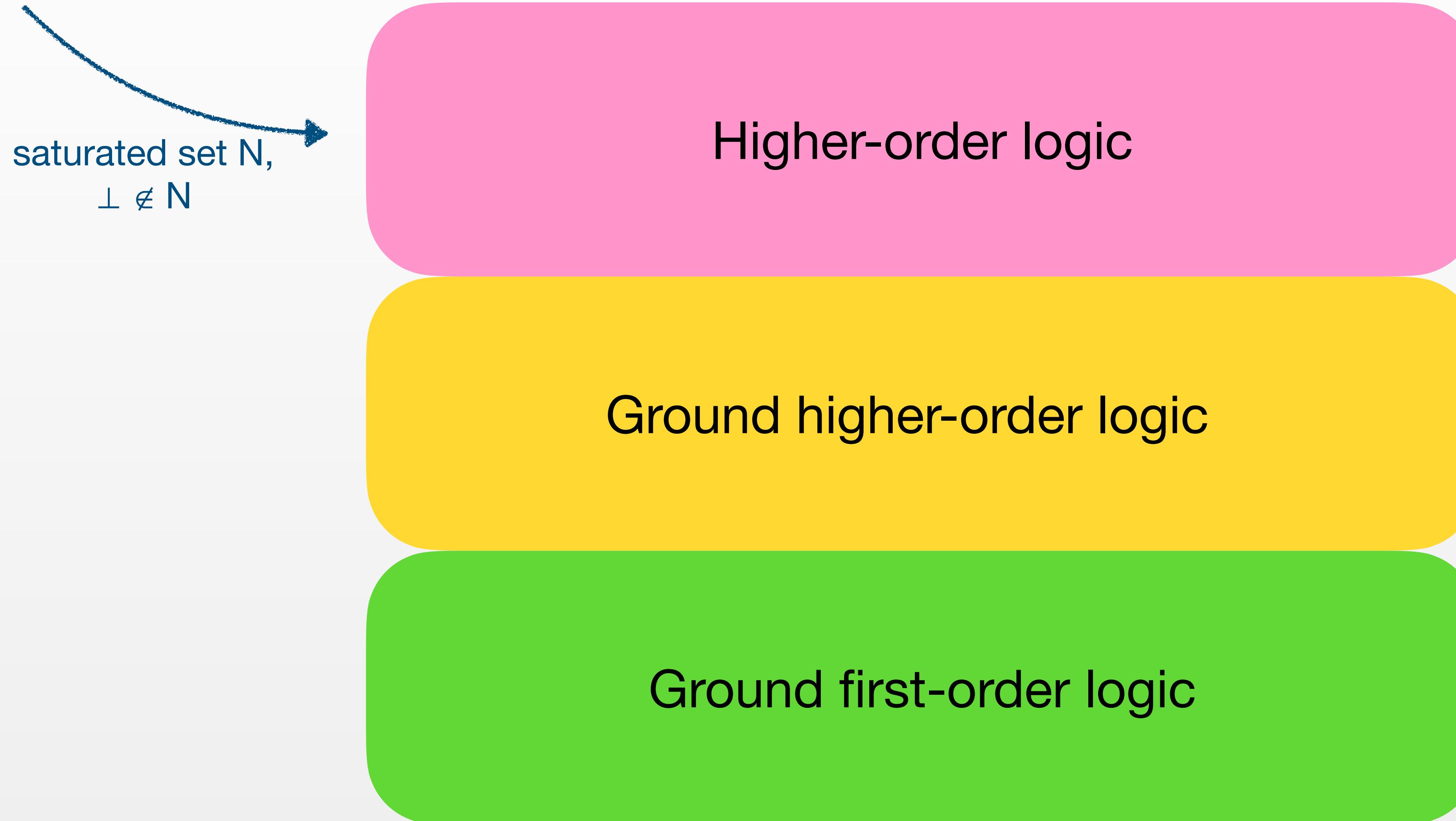
Modular Completeness Proof

Higher-order logic

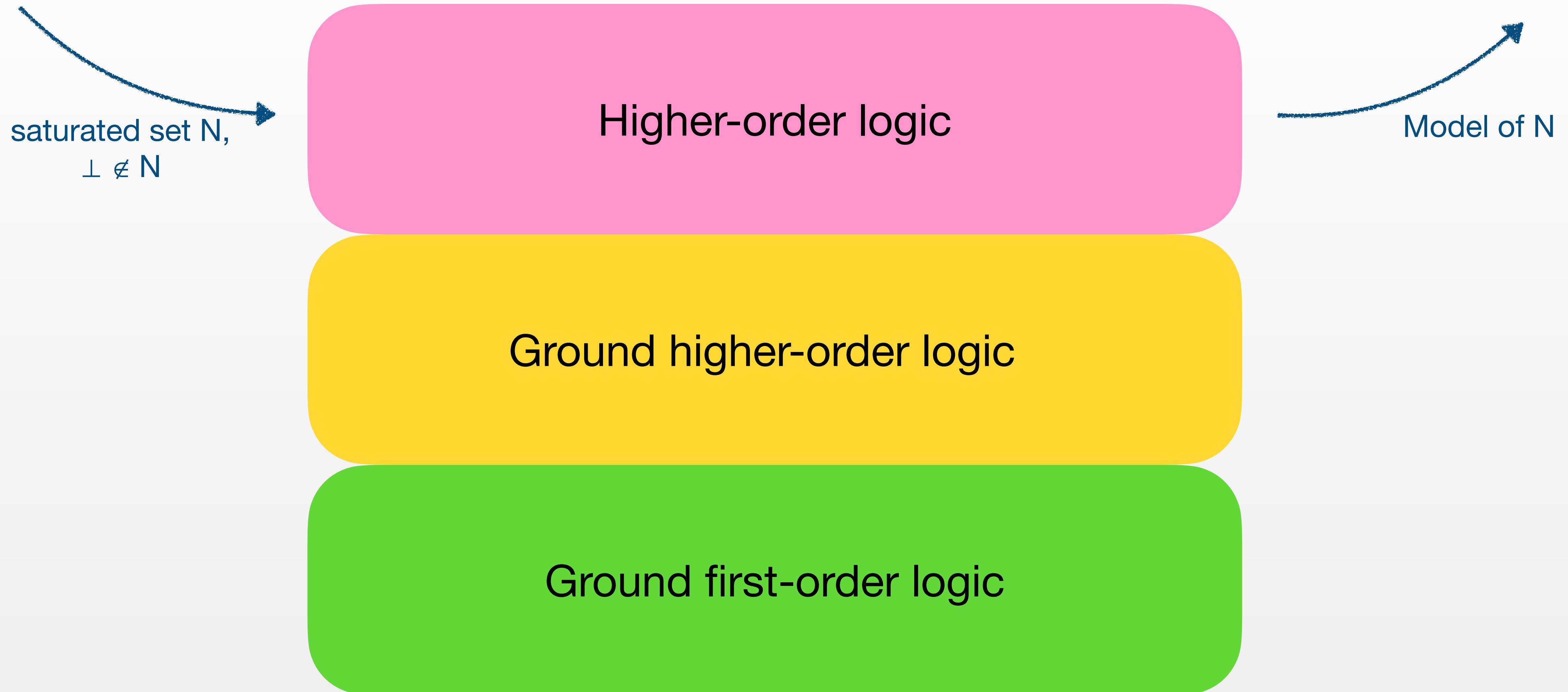
Ground higher-order logic

Ground first-order logic

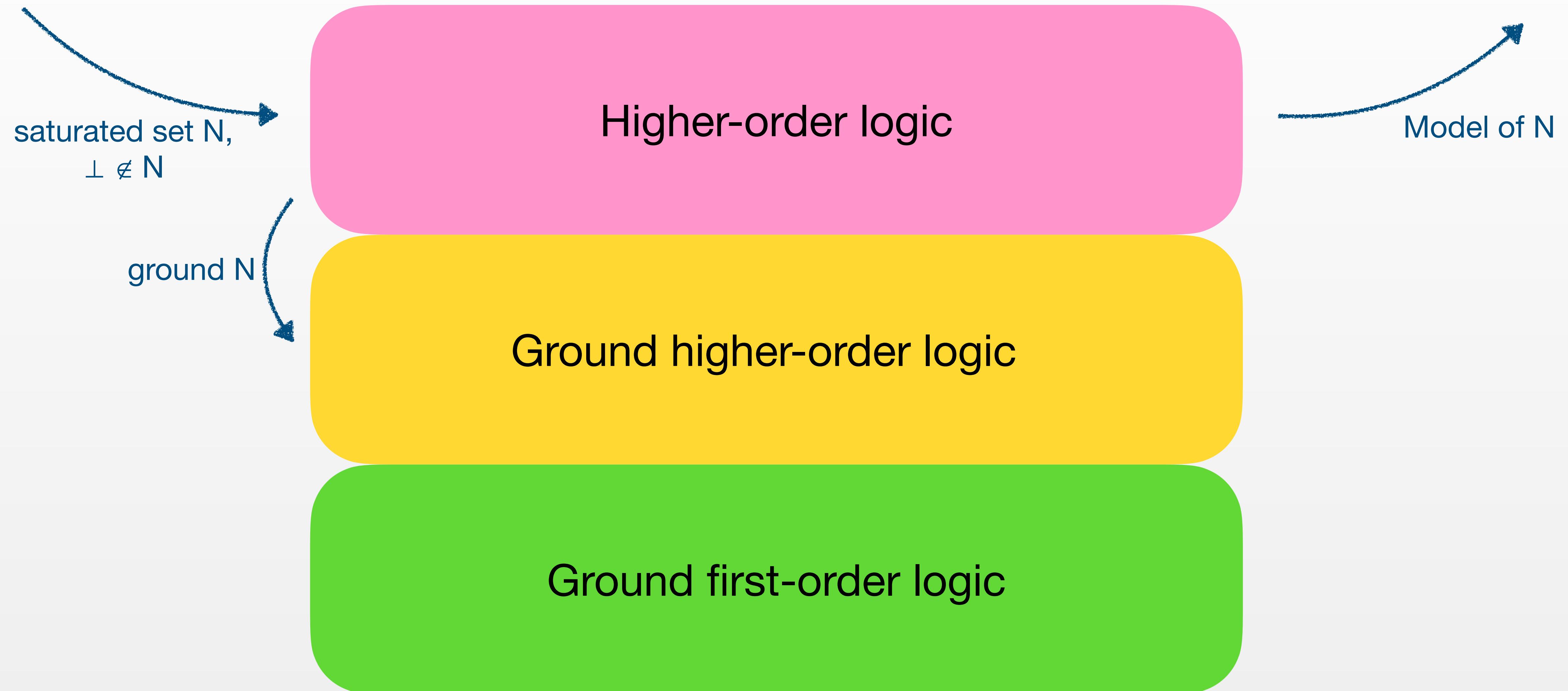
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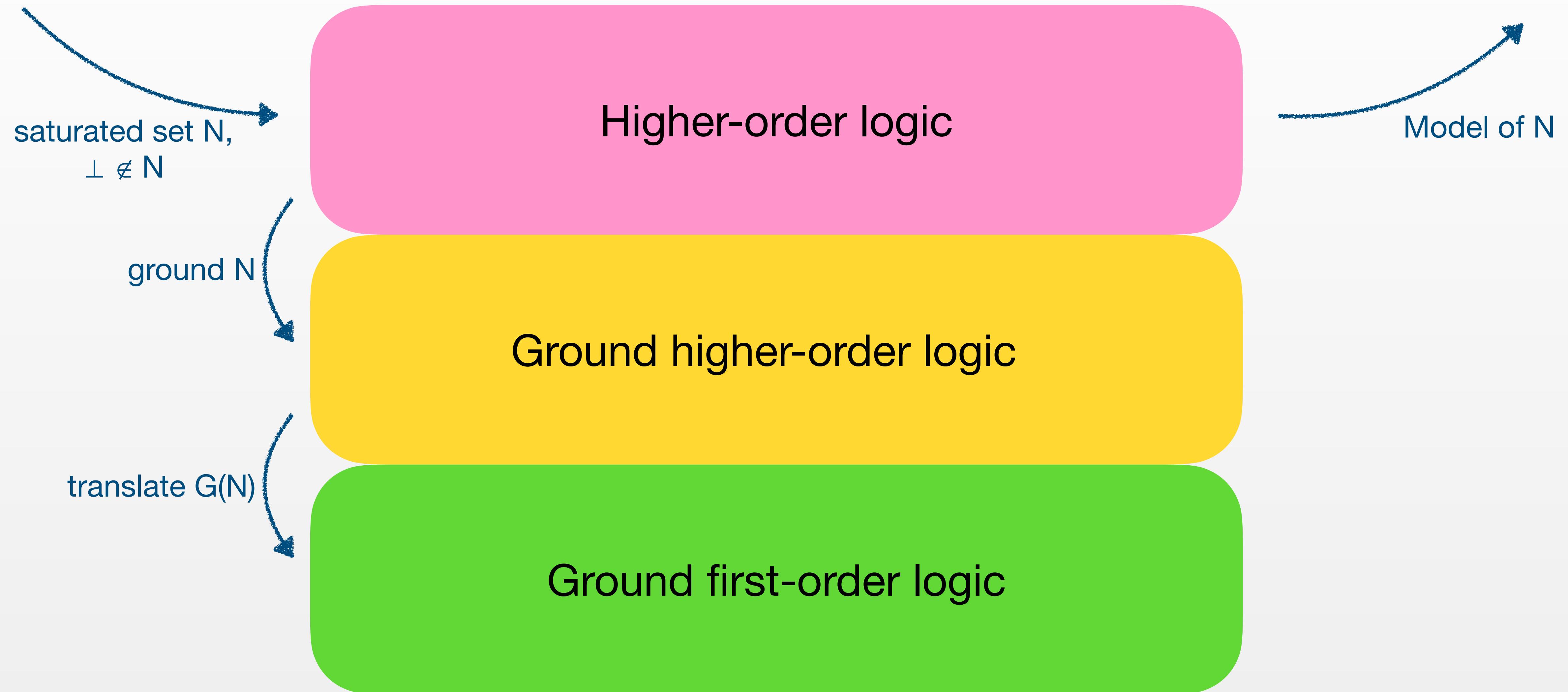
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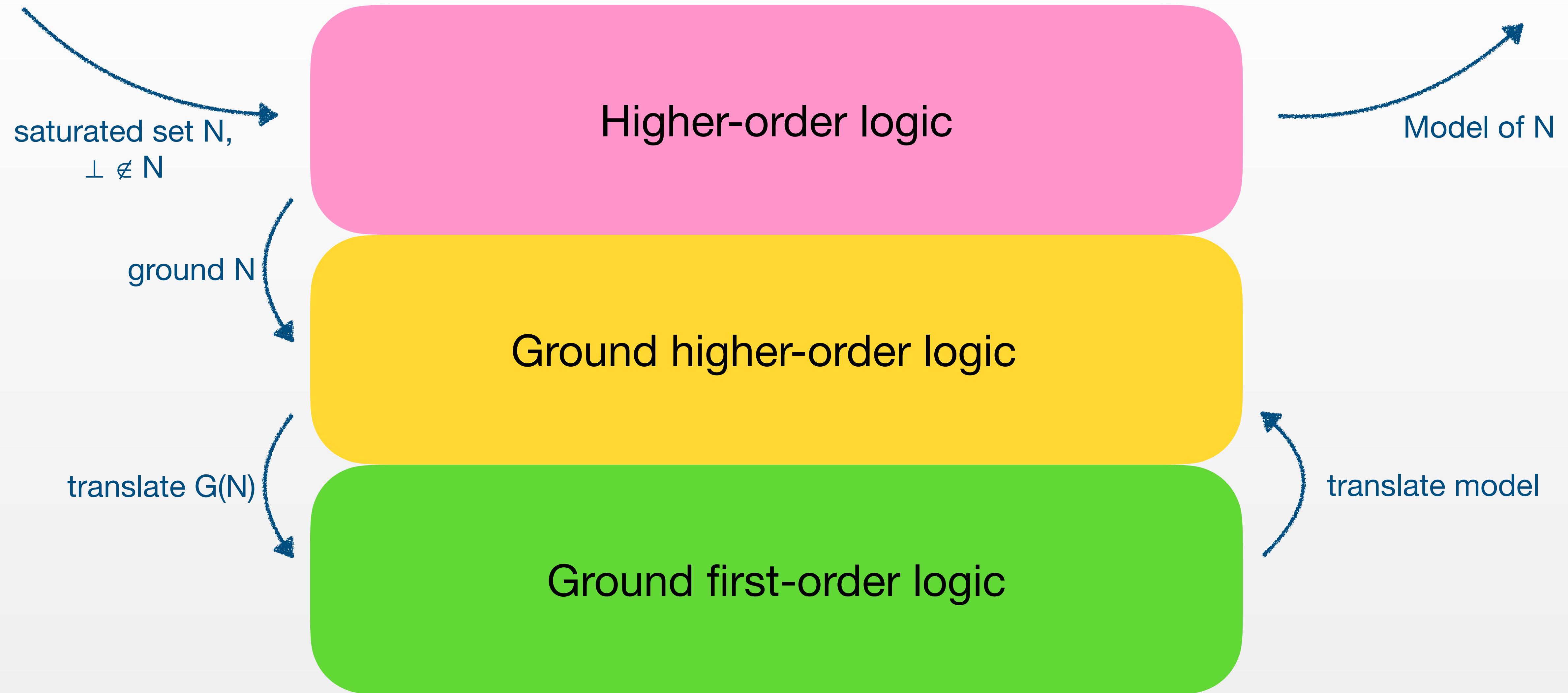
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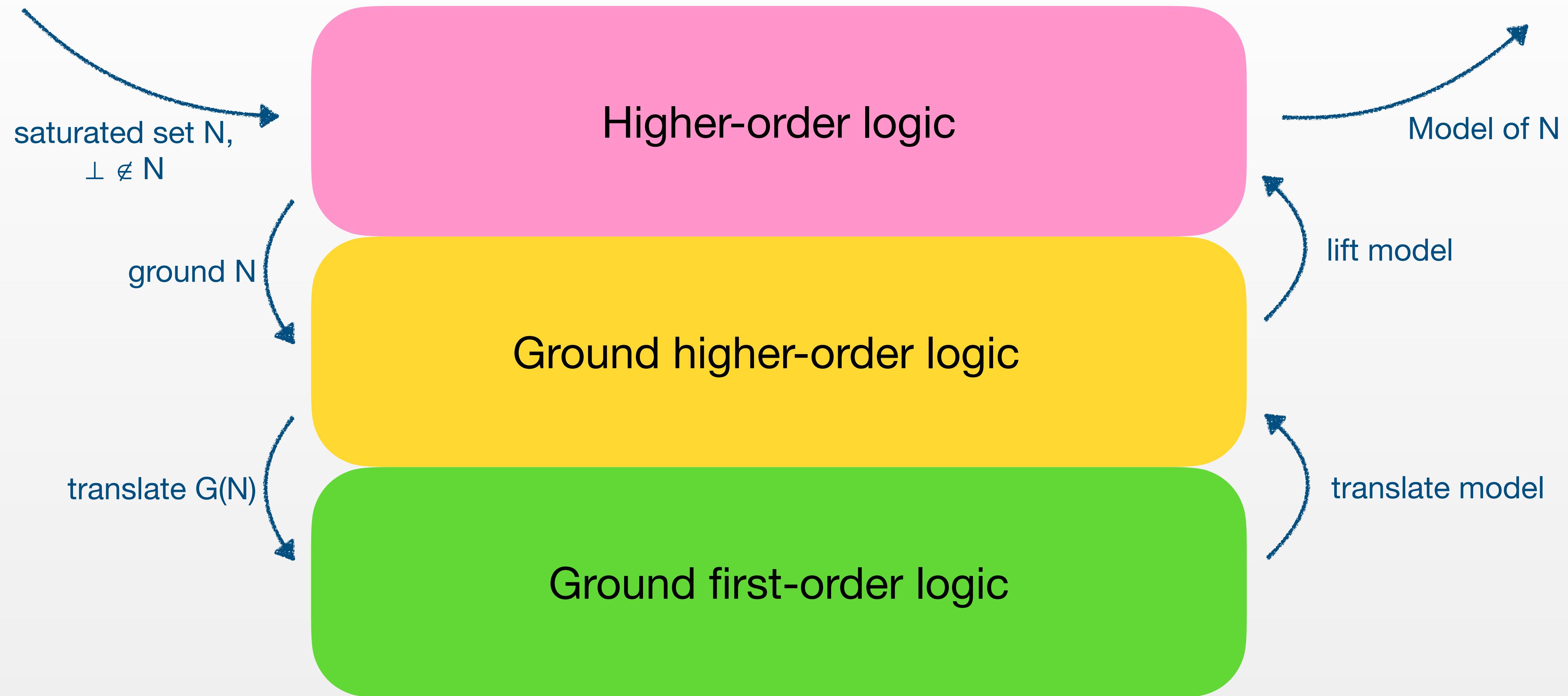
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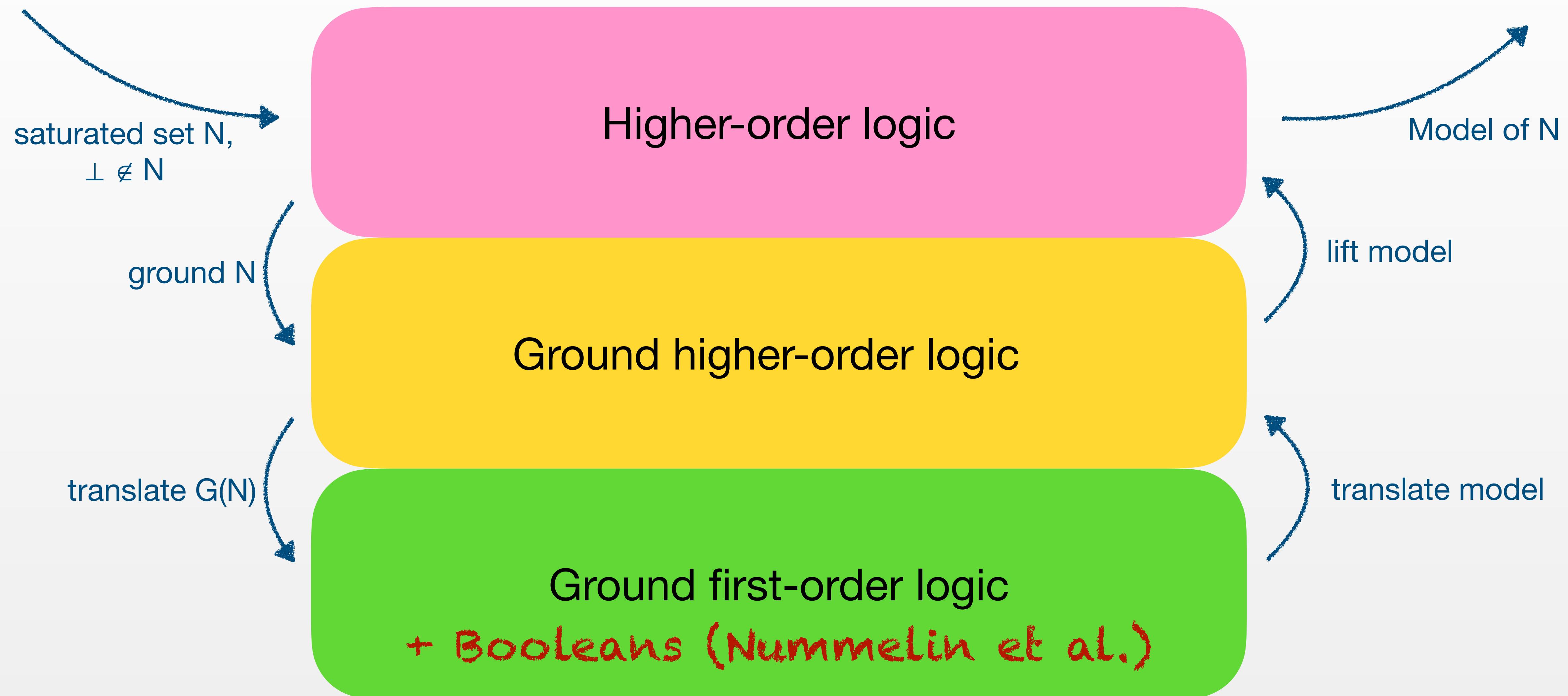
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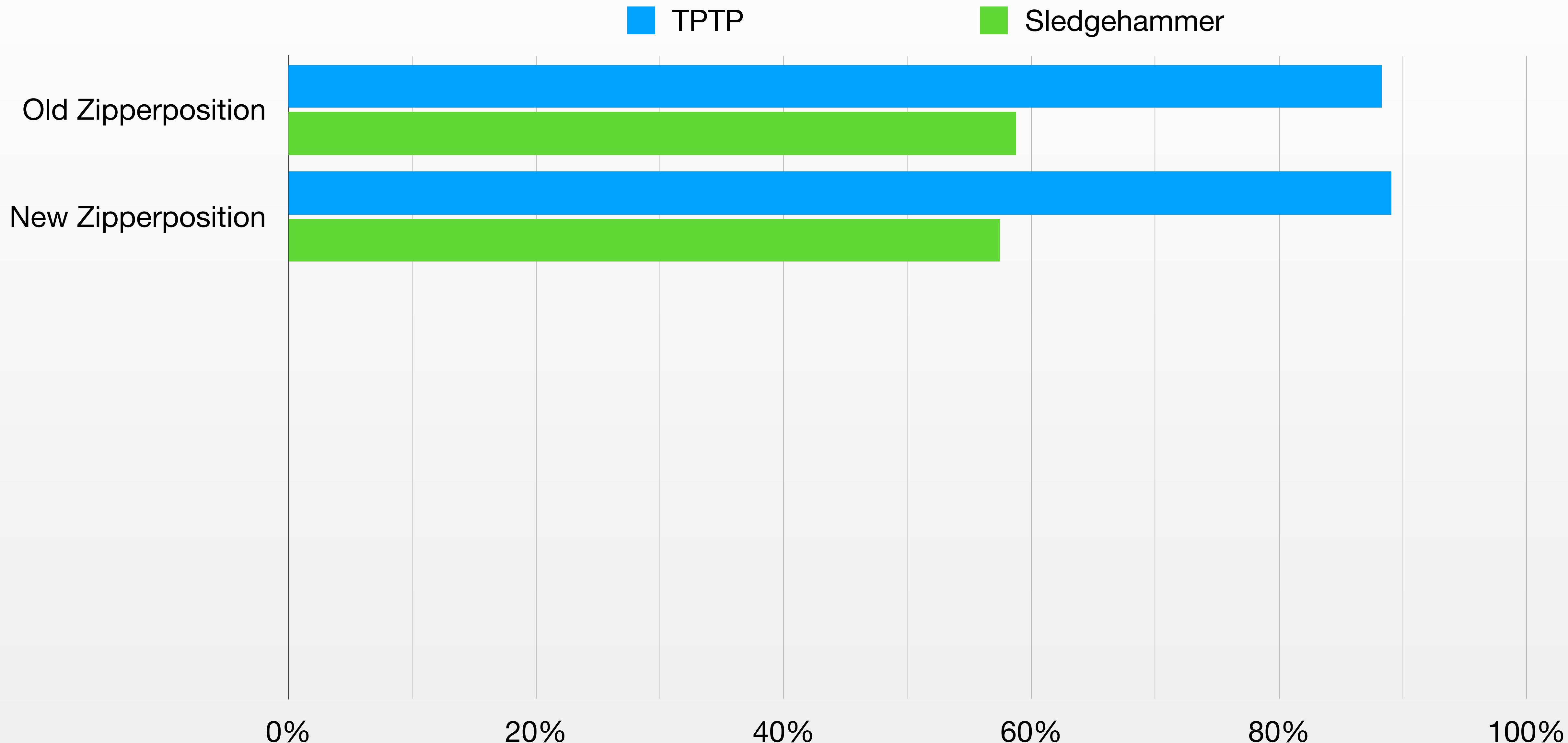
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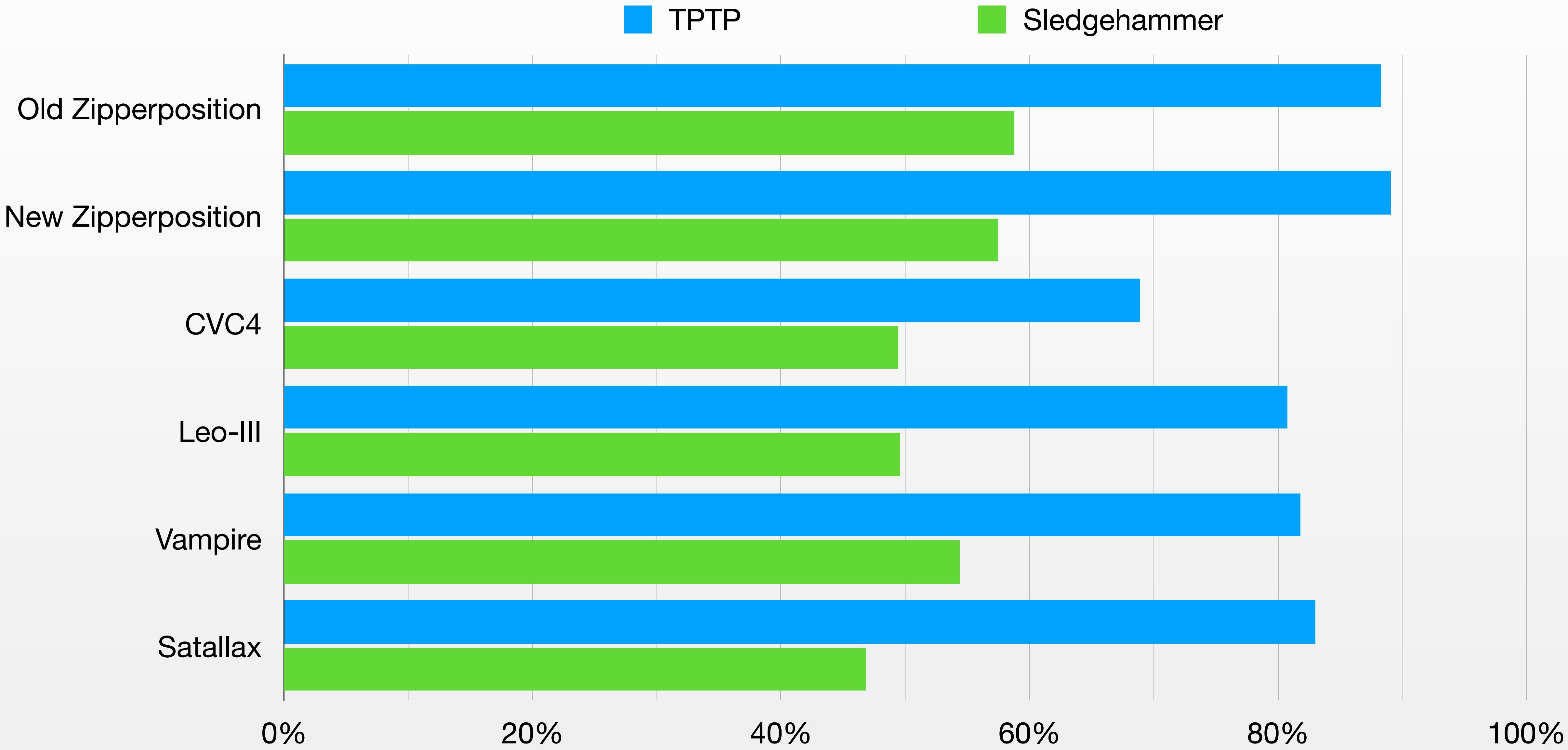
Modular Completeness Proof



Evaluation



Evaluation



Conclusion

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- **Calculus for full higher-order logic,**
including a Boolean type and delayed classification

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- **Competitive implementation in Zipperposition**

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- **Preunification:** Currently we compute explicit substitutions, but we might want to store partial unification results in constraints.
- **Implementation in E:** Implementation in a more efficient prover will eradicate the need for a backend.
- **Dependent types:** Superposition for dependent types could make hammers for dependently typed systems more efficient.